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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/083,121	02/27/2002	Hiroshi Tsuda	826.1792	3398		
21171	7590 11/15/2006		EXAMINER			
STAAS & HALSEY LLP		NGUYEN, CINDY				
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2161			
				DATE MAN ED. 11/15/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/083,12	21	TSUDA, HIROSHI			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Cindy Ngu	·	2161			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	ion appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT ansions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day opened for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, the reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evolution. ys, a reply within the state y period will apply and within the state by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be ting story minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. Ithe mailing date of this communication. ID (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status				·			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n <u>10/25/06</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	☑ This action is n	on-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	on of Claims						
	Claim(s) 1-3, 5-26, 28-54 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) 1-3, 6-9, 22-26, 28-30, 33-40, 44-54 is/are allowed. Claim(s) 10-21, 31, 32, 41-43 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 15-17 is/are objected to.						
Applicati	on Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the ExThe drawing(s) filed on <u>27 February 200.</u> Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	2 is/are: a)⊠ acc to the drawing(s) b correction is require	e held in abeyance. Se ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) □ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)			·			
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	2402	4) Interview Summary				
3) 🔯 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-S nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO r No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/14/06</u> .		Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/25/06 has been entered.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 07/14/06 was filed after the mailing date of the non final rejected on 10/20/05. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments on Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant amended claims 41, 42 and 43 to overcome the rejection, however, claims that recite noting but the physical characteristics of a form of energy such as electro-magnetic signals, voltage, a frequency, or the strength of magnetic filed, define energy or magnetism, per se, and as such are nonstatutory natural phenomena. O' Reilly, 56 U.S. (15 How.) at 112-14. a claimed signal is clearly not a "process" under § 101 because it is not a series of steps and does not itself perform any useful, concrete and tangible result and thus, does not fit within the definition of a machine.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 41, 42 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The claims that recite nothing but the physical characteristics of a form of energy such as a frequency, signal or magnetism, per se and as such are nonstatutory natural phenomena. Moreover, it does not appear that a claim reciting a signal encoded with functional descriptive material falls within any of the categories of patentable subject matter set forth in § 101.The claimed signal is clearly not a process under § 101 because it is not a series of steps, the claims has no physical structure, does not itself perform any useful, concrete and tangible result and thus does not fit within the definition of a machine.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 10-12, 19-21, 31, 32, 42 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Matsuda (US 6718333).

Regarding claims 10, 31 and 42, Matsuda discloses: a document relation judgment method a computer-readable storage medium that stores a program and a electronic carrier signal executable by a computer containing a program for enabling the computer which is connected with a network to judge a relation between documents in a network via, comprising:

extracting a link relation from a first document (col. 7, lines 16-19, Matsuda); extracting a predetermined character string which links a second document in the first document from (col. 12, lines 22-31, Matsuda).

judging whether a second document linked to by the first document is a non-text document related to contents of the first document, based on the link relation (verifier 120 fig. 1 verifies the image features of a documents, col. 11, lines 42-46; col. 12, lines 32-52, Matsuda).

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Regarding claims 32 and 43, Matsuda discloses: a computer-readable storage medium that stores a program and an electronic carrier signal executable by a computer program for enabling a computer to judge a type of a service provided by a document in a network, the process comprising:

Extracting a tag for designating user input from the document (col. 8, lines 23-35, Matsuda); and

Judging the type of the service provided by the document, based on the tag designating user input (determine the type of document, col. 8, lines 36-40, Matsuda).

Regarding claim 11, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 10 above. In addition, Matsuda discloses: further comprising: extracting the predetermined character string located in a vicinity of a part which the first document is linking to the second document, from the first document (verifier 120 fig. 1 verifies the image features, link features of a documents, col. 11, lines 42-46; col. 12, lines 32-52, Matsuda), wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on the character string (verifier 120 fig. 1 verifies the image features of a documents, col. 11, lines 42-46; col. 12, lines 32-52, Matsuda).

Regarding claim 12, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 11 above. In addition, Matsuda discloses: wherein when the predetermined character string includes a specific character string, it is determined that the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first

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document (determine the type of document and calculates the relevance to each type of document col. 8, lines 36-40, Matsuda).

Regarding claim 19, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 10 above. In addition, Matsuda discloses: further comprising judging, if there is a fourth document linked to by the second document, whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on both document location information about the first document indicating location in the network of the document and document location information about the second document (col. 9, lines 45-55, Matsuda).

Regarding claim 20, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 19 above. In addition, Matsuda discloses: wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on both the document location information about the first document and document location information about the fourth document (col. 9, lines 45-55, Matsuda).

Regarding claim 21, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 10 above. In addition, Matsuda discloses: wherein if a fifth document is linked to by the second document and if a server address or a domain in each of the document location information about the second document indicating location in the network of the document and document location information about the fifth document is different from a server address or a domain in document location information about the

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first document, it is determined that the second document is not the non-text document related to the contents of the first document col. 9, lines 45-55, Matsuda).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuda (US 6718333) in view of Mukai (U.S 6446095).

Regarding claim 13, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 10 above. However, Matsuda didn't disclose: wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on an extension of a file name of the second document. On the other hand, Mukai discloses: wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on an extension of a file name of the second document (col. 7, lines 40-63, Mukai). Thus, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on an extension of a file name of the second document. In the system of Matsuda as taught by

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Mukai. The motivation being to enable to judge the document types as non-text data by having file name.

Regarding claim 14, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 13 above. In addition, Matsuda/Mukai discloses: wherein if the extension is not a specific extension, it is determined that the second document is not the non-text document related to the contents of the first document (col. 7, lines 40-63, Mukai).

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuda (US 6718333) in view of Page (U.S 6285999).

Regarding claim 18, all the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 10 above. However, Matsuda didn't disclose: not registering the second document in a database as the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, if the first document includes a third document with a file name similar to a file name of the second document and if the file name of the second document is ranked lower than the file name of the third document in a dictionary order. However, Page discloses: not registering the second document in a database as the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, if the first document includes a third document with a file name similar to a file name of the second document and if the

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file name of the second document is ranked lower than the file name of the third document in a dictionary order (col. 8, lines 21-48, Page). Thus, at the time invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include the second document in a database as the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, if the first document includes a third document with a file name similar to a file name of the second document and if the file name of the second document is ranked lower than the file name of the third document in a dictionary order in the system of Matsuda as taught by Page. The motivation being to provide the list of documents is sorted with high ranking documents first and low ranking documents last (col. 8, lines 21-48, Page).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-3, 6-9, 22-26, 28-30, 33-40, 44, 46-54 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: the prior art of record failed to disclose: make obvious, or otherwise suggest a popularity degree calculation method and a computer readable storage medium that stores a program for enabling a computer for calculating a popularity degree indicating the height of a popularity of a document in a network via an apparatus connected with the network, the method comprising calculating a popularity transition degree indicating both a direction and a degree of transition of the popularity degree for each of the extracted documents based on the popularity degree during the first time period and the second time period, to thereby obtain a difference indicating how the popularity degree of each of the documents changes in a time series order as recited in claims 1, 26, 44 and 50, 51.

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The prior art of record failed to disclose: make obvious, or otherwise suggest a service type judgment method for judging a type of a service provided by a document in a network via an apparatus connected with the network, the method comprising: calculating a popularity transition degree indicating both a direction and a degree of transition of the popularity degree for each of the extracted documents based on the popularity degree during the first time period and the second time period, to thereby obtain a difference indicating how the popularity degree of each of the documents changes in a time series order as recited in claim 22.

The prior art of record failed to disclose: make obvious, or otherwise suggest: a document retrieval method and apparatus for searching for a document in a network via an apparatus connected with the network, the method comprising: calculating a popularity transition degree indicating both a direction and a degree of transition of the popularity degree for each of the extracted documents based on the popularity degree during the first time period and the second time period, to thereby obtain a difference indicating how the popularity degree of each of the documents changes in a time series order as recited in claims 33, 39 and 40, 54.

The dependent claims 2, 3, 6-9, 23-25, 28-30, 34-38, 46-49, 52, 53 being further limiting to the independent claims 1, 22, 26, 33, 44 and 51 definite and fully enable by the specification are also allowed.

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Claims 15-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art of record failed to disclose: make obvious, or otherwise suggest: wherein it is judged whether the second document is the non-text document related to the contents of the first document, based on whether the second document is used a prescribed number of times or more in the first document as recited in claim 15.

The dependent claims 16, 17 being further limiting to the independent claim 15 definite and fully enable by the specification are also allowed.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cindy Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-4025. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey A. Gaffin can be reached on 571-272-4146. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9306 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

Cindy Nguyen

November 8, 2006

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